Linked Lists:

* Composed of list nodes, each node being an object
* Contains 2 fields, one containing the data and the other being a reference to the next node
* Link List also contains a “head” which is a reference to the first node
* Has a variable size which holds the number of nodes in the linked list
* The last node will have the data and the other field will have a null since there is no next node
* <T> is a generic type meaning the user can specify what type of data it is
* The List node can hold whatever type the user puts in
* For LinkedList, the size method must be made, like a getter since size is private
* Using .add pushes everything to the right, not changing the memory of the existing nodes, rather the index itself
* Everytime you add a node, the size must also be increased